How and Why Practitioners Use Career Development Theories in Practice

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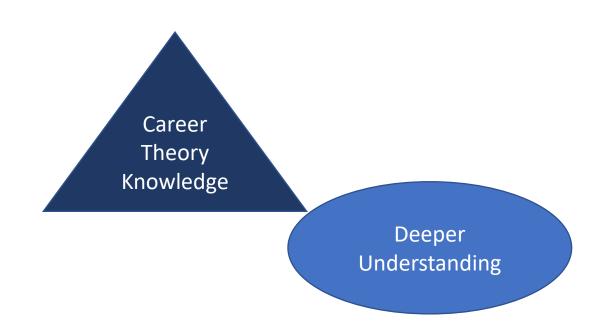
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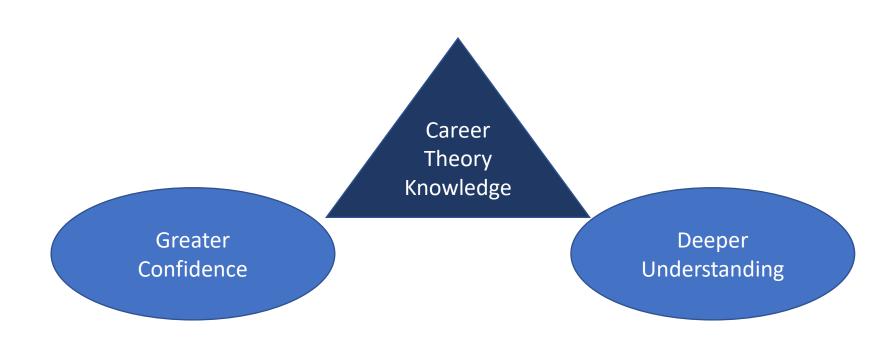
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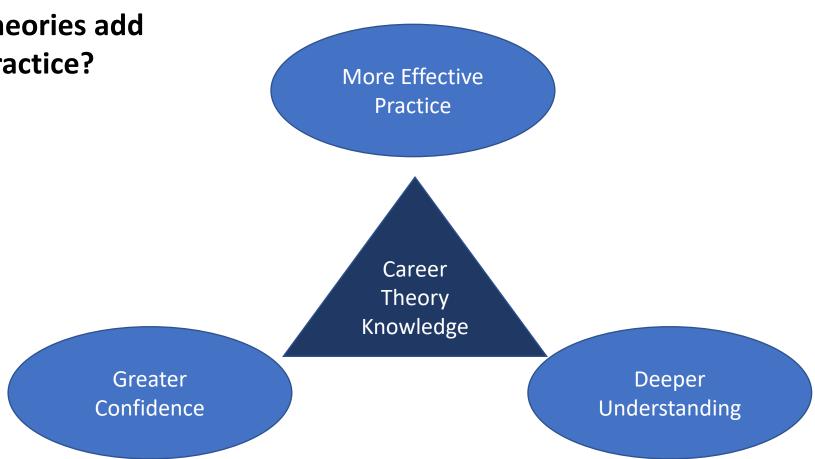
What is a theory?

- Developing theories is the way we make sense of the world
- Theories explain, predict and delight (Weick, 1989)
- They aim to simplify complexity and highlight relationships
- The more complex the field, the more we need theories





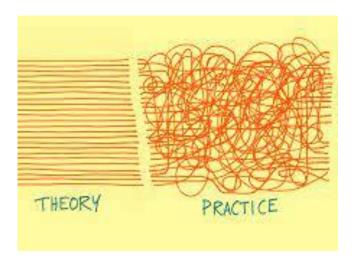




What value can career theories add to our practice? More Effective Practice Career Theory Knowledge Greater Deeper Confidence Understanding

Challenges of using theories in practice

- How to find out about new theories
 - Initial training is generally good but there could be more CPD
- The language used
- Working out how to use them
 - Training focuses on the theories themselves, not how to use them in practice



Which are your favourite career development theories?

What do you like about them?

Favourite Theories

Top 5 Traditional Theories

Planned Happenstance

Community Interaction

Trait and Factor

Life Stages

Opportunity Structures

Top 5 Less Well-Known Theories

Career Construction Theory

Identity Theory

Transtheoretical Model of Change

Positive Psychology

Career AdaptAbilities

Using theories in your career practice

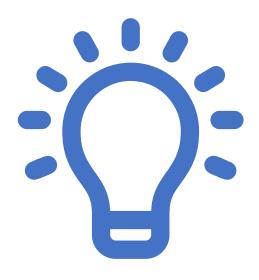
- 1. To understand and empathise
- 2. To direct the conversation
- To normalise and validate
- 4. To plan activities



1. To understand and empathise

- The theories allow you to build up a 'working hypothesis'
- They allow you to see your clients' situation more quickly
- They help you to be more non-judgmental

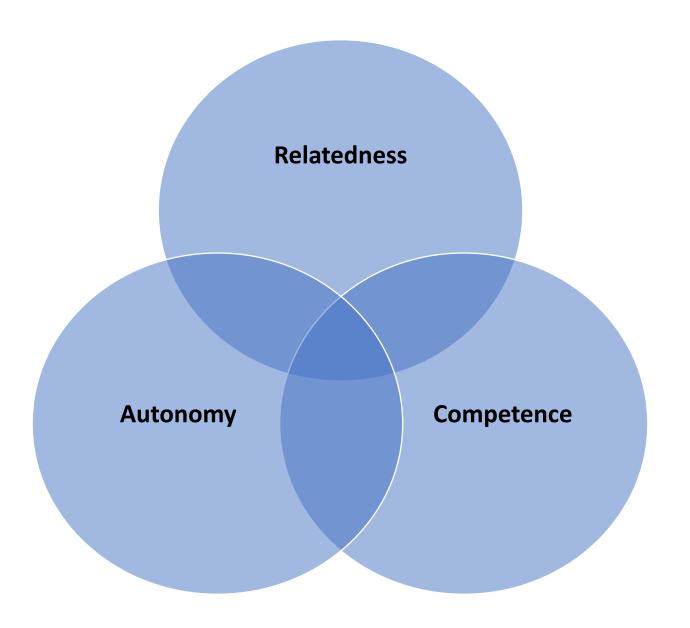


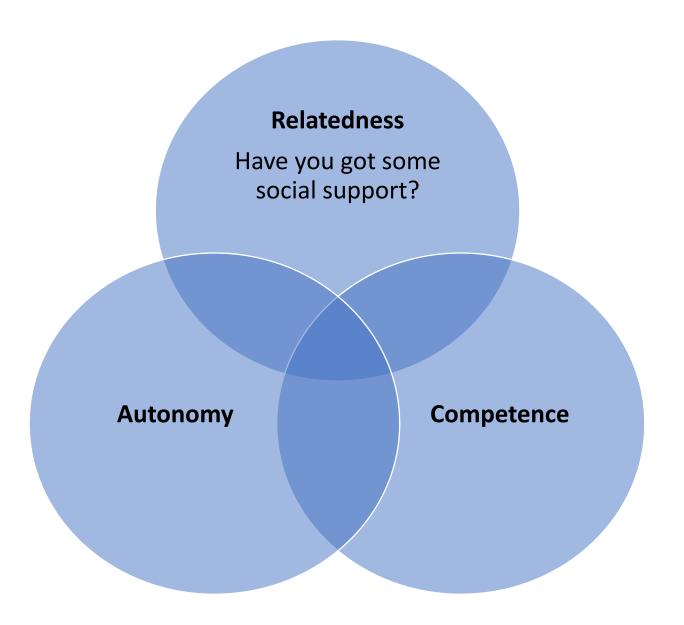


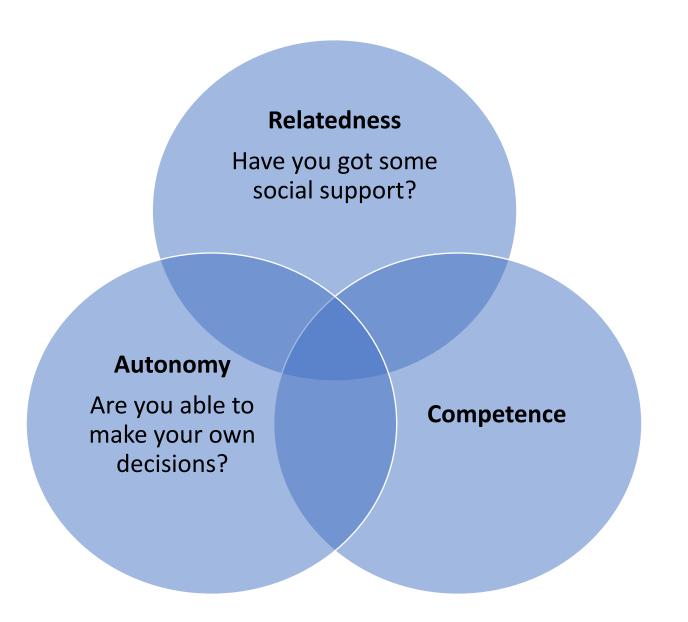
Helping to understand and empathise with our clients:

Self-Determination Theory

Ryan & Deci, 1985







Relatedness

Have you got some social support?

Autonomy

Are you able to make your own decisions?

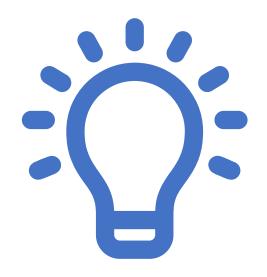
Competence

Do you feel that you are doing a good job?

2. To guide the conversation

• The theories suggest useful questions or exercises





Helping to guide the conversation:

Career Inaction Theory

De Vos & Verbruggen, 2021

Inertia-enhancing mechanisms

Fear and anxiety

Career choices almost always have an uncertain outcome

Short term-ism

Career choices generally entail giving up something safe and familiar

Cognitive overload

Career choices are extraordinarily complex



What can help?

Fear and anxiety

Role models

Short term-ism

A crystal clear desired future

Cognitive overload

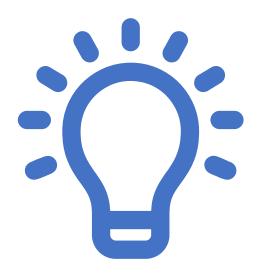
Step by step approach



3. To normalise and validate

- Sharing your theories explicitly with your clients can make them realise that they aren't alone,
- that their choices or experiences are valid,
- and that they haven't failed



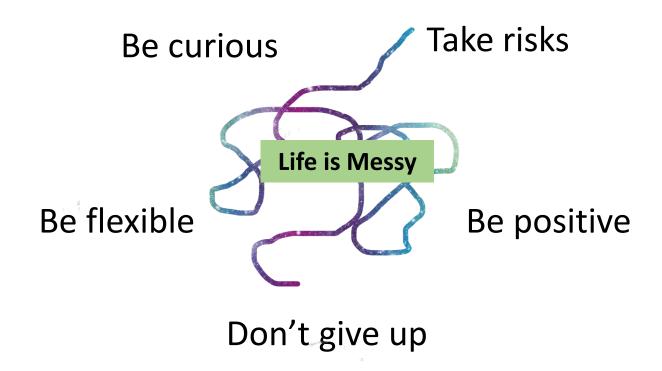


Helping to normalise and validate:

Planned Happenstance

Mitchell et al., 1997

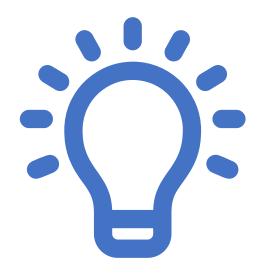
You can't control life but you can look out for opportunities and make the most of them.



4. To plan activities

• The theories allow you to plan a career education programme or session





Helping to plan activities:

Career AdaptAbilities

Porfeli & Savickas, 2012

Coping with modern work: Savickas and Porfeli's model of Career AdaptAbilities

Career curiosity

Being open to ideas and looking for opportunities

Career control

Taking ownership of your career

Career concern

Looking ahead and planning for the future

Career confidence

Having the self-belief to make choices and pursue goals

The Career AdaptAbilities Model

- 1) Ask your clients to reflect on their current levels of each of the four Cs. There is a questionnaire (http://www.vocopher.com/ms/caas/CAAS%20master.pdf) that can help.
- 1) Career concern: visualisation exercises (eg possible selves) that focus on clients' future identities
- 2) Career curiosity: using stories to pique clients' interest in finding out more about different opportunities
- 3) Career confidence: offering opportunities for clients to practice and to get positive feedback on (eg) interview skills
- 4) Career control: boosting self-awareness and giving clients tools for dealing with anxiety

Resources

- Arthur, N., Neault, R., & McMahon, M. (2019). Career Theories and Models at Work: ideas for practice. Toronto: Ceric
- MARCR Career Professionals Website: https://marcr.net/marcr-for-career-professionals/career-theory/career-theories-and-theorists/
- Swanson, J. & Fouad, N. (2019). *Career Theory and practice: learning through case studies*. Washington: Sage
- Yates, J. (2022). *The Career Coaching Handbook (2nd edition).* Hove: Routledge

Action Planning

After this session I am going to...